

# THE ODYSSEE STUDY: PREVENTION OF DYSBIOSIS COMPLICATIONS WITH AUTOLOGOUS FECAL MICROBIOTA TRANSFER (FMT) IN ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA (AML) PATIENTS UNDERGOING INTENSIVE TREATMENT : RESULTS OF A PROSPECTIVE MULTICENTER TRIAL

**ASH2018** Abstract #1444

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### **INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVE**

- AML standard intensive chemotherapy (IC) combined with wide-spectrum antibiotics dramatically altered composition of the gut microbiota, leading to dysbiosis, promoting a pathological condition with uncontrolled local immune responses, systemic inflammation and increased incidence of comorbidities and complications.
- Proof-of-concept study to evaluate the use of microbiota-based drug during AML induction treatment to restore the gut microbiota diversity, and thereby ultimately controlling complications to improve outcomes in AML.

## **STUDY DESIGN AND PATIENTS**

- Single arm phase I/II multicenter trial (NCT02928523)
- Treatment: 2 doses of 150mL auto-FMT biotherapeutic drug by rectal enema

### **STUDY MAIN OBJECTIVES**

- Primary: Impact of auto-FMT on recovery of microbiota diversity and correction of dysbiosis Secondary:
- Safety and feasibility of auto-FMT
- Impact of auto-FMT on several patient-related outcomes (clinical status, immune status and recovery)
- Exploratory assessment of a dysbiosis biosignature

### Key Inclusion Criteria

- $\geq$  18 and  $\leq$  75 years old
- *de novo* diagnosis of **AML**
- Intensive chemotherapy ("7+3" or equivalent)

### **Demographics and Baseline** Characteristics

- Antibiotics  $\geq$  4 days at V1
- Detection of resistant or pathogenic bacteria, parasites, viruses in faeces at V1
- Severe colitis or digestive disorders within 3 months before V1
- **62 AML** patients aged between 24 and 69 years old (median: 58) were screened. **25** patients fulfilling all inclusion criteria were treated (FAS population); **20 were included in** the per-protocol (PP) population. Results from the PP population are presented.
- **Age**, years; median (range)
- Gender, n(%)
- **Induction chemotherapy** (IC):
- Leukemia risk category (ELN2010):
- **FLT3-ITD Mutation**:
- **NPM1** Mutation:



50 (24-68)

Other: 1 (5%)

Favorable: 2 (10%)

Intermediate 1: 1 (5%)

Unfavorable: 2 (10%)

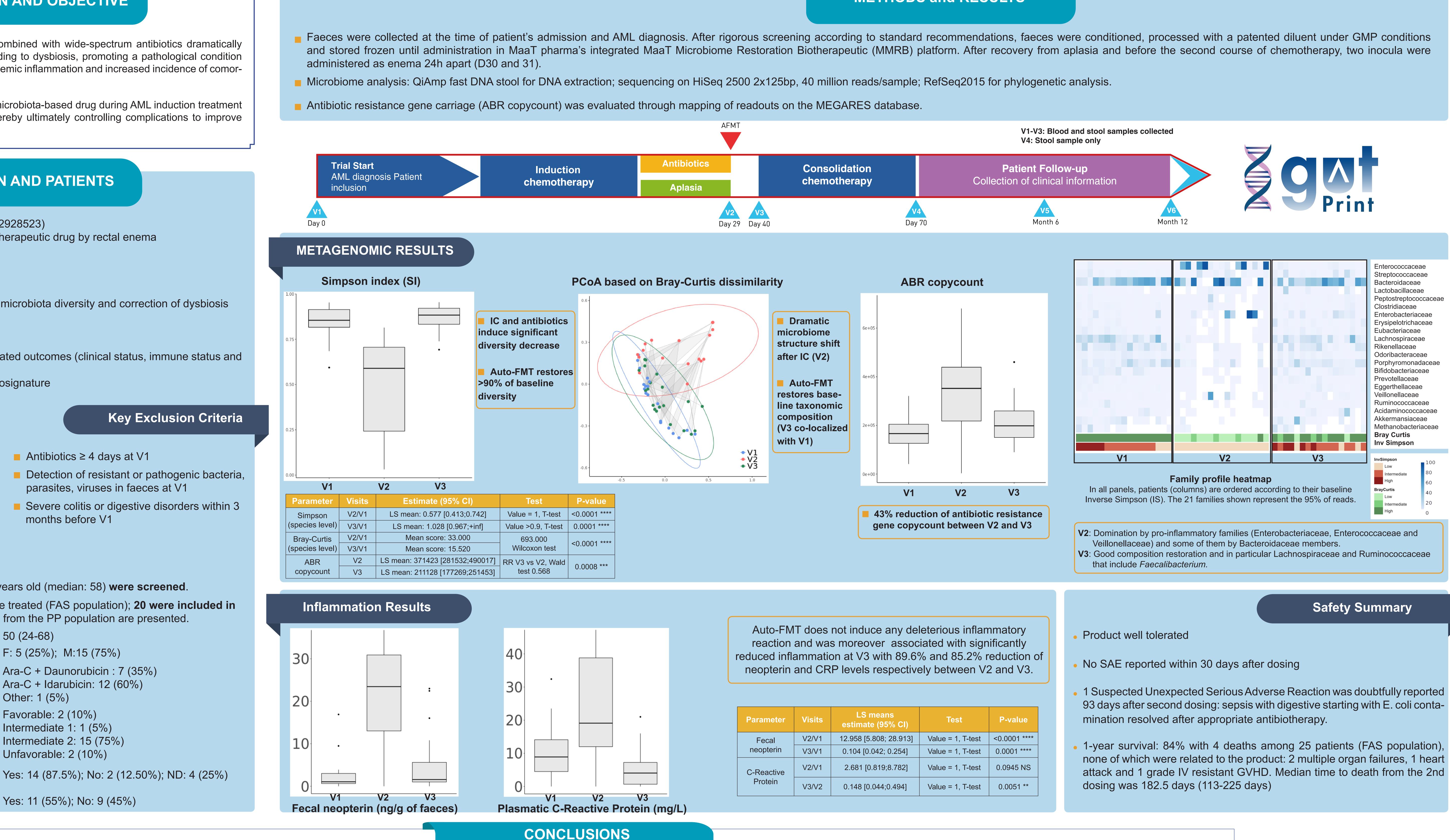
Intermediate 2: 15 (75%)

Yes: 11 (55%); No: 9 (45%)

F: 5 (25%); M:15 (75%)

Ara-C + Daunorubicin : 7 (35%)

Ara-C + Idarubicin: 12 (60%)



• First prospective trial testing the safety and efficacy of microbiota-based drug in AML patients receiving intensive induction chemotherapy. • Primary endpoint reached, establishing the capacity of these biotherapeutic drugs to restore a diverse microbiome with high levels of similarity to baseline, as well as reducing antibiotic resistance gene carriage and intestinal inflammation. • Ecological data from AML patients that did not receive microbiota-based drugs could be of interest to reinforce the observed efficacy of the product in restoring gut microbiota diversity. • A controlled randomized trial with repeated oral administrations during the different phases of AML treatment is currently planned to the gastrointestinal outcomes such as infection-related complications, sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes and a sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes such as infection-related complications, sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes and a sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes are a sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes and a sequelae to the gastrointestinal outcomes are a sequelae to the gastrointestinae test are a sequelae test are a sequ tract, GVHD occurrence after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation and long-term survival. Indeed, the development of strategies to modulate the gut microbiota may improve overall disease management.

# **METHODS and RESULTS**

Parameter	Visits	LS means estimate (95% CI)	Test	P-value
Fecal neopterin	V2/V1	12.958 [5.808; 28.913]	Value = 1, T-test	<0.0001 ****
	V3/V1	0.104 [0.042; 0.254]	Value = 1, T-test	0.0001 ****
C-Reactive Protein	V2/V1	2.681 [0.819;8.782]	Value = 1, T-test	0.0945 NS
	V3/V2	0.148 [0.044;0.494]	Value = 1, T-test	0.0051 **



Disclosure

tested in this protocol.

The trial was funded by MaaT Pharma whose product was

MM and JD are scientific co-founders of MaaT Pharma and

LB, CG and EP are MaaT Pharma employees.

received honoraria and consulting fees.